

Human Neuroinflammation ELISA Strip (Chemiluminescence)

Catalog Number EA-1691

(For Research Use Only)

Introduction

Neuroinflammatory process has a fundamental role in the pathogenesis of neurodegenerative diseases including Parkinson's, Alzheimer's (AD), ALS, and Huntington's. Cytokines play a key role in inflammatory and antiinflammatory processes in neurodegenerative diseases. Increasing amounts of evidence indicate that cytokines related inflammatory processes are involved in the neurotoxicity. Therefore, profiling the expression pattern of cytokines provides a valuable insight to the underlying immunological mechanisms. Signosis' Human Neuroinflammation ELISA Strip Assay quantitatively profiles and measures 8 associated cytokines. The list of cytokines is as follows; TNFa, IL1a, IL-1β, Il-4, IL-6,

IL-10, IL-13, TGF β . The difference of these proteins between two samples can be determined through data comparison.

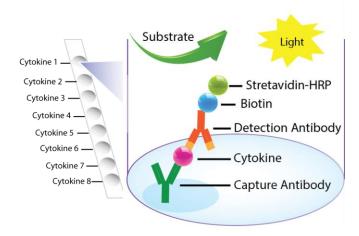


Diagram of Human Neuroinflammation ELISA Strips (Chemiluminescence)

Principle of the assay

In each well of the strip, a primary antibody against a specific cytokine is coated and each of the 8 wells of the strip is coated different antibodies. Therefore, each strip can measure of 8 different proteins. The test sample is allowed to react simultaneously with pairs of two antibodies, resulting in the cytokines being sandwiched between the solid phase and enzyme-linked antibodies. After incubation, the wells are washed to remove unbound-labeled antibodies. The plate is further detected with HRP luminescent substrate. Luminescence is reported as relative light units (RLUs) on a microplate luminometer. The level of expression is directly proportional to the luminescent intensity.

Component	Qty	Store at		
96-Well 12 strip Plate coated	1	4°C		
with 8 different antibodies				
against Human				
Neuroinflammation cytokines				
Biotin-labeled antibody	200µL	-20°C		
mixture against 8 different				
Human Neuroinflammation				
cytokines				
Streptavidin-HRP conjugate	50µL	4°C		
1xDiluent buffer	40mL	4°C		
5X Assay wash buffer	40mL	4°C		
Substrate dilution buffer	8mL	4°C		
Substrate A	1mL	4°C		
Substrate B	1mL	4°C		

Reagent preparation before starting experiment

- Dilute the 5x Assay wash buffer to 1x buffer
 40 ml 5x Assay wash buffer
 - 160 ml ddH2O
- Refer to Standards User Manuel for diluting standards.
- Dilute 50 times of biotin labeled antibody mixture with 1X Diluent buffer.
- Dilute 200 times of streptavidin-HRP with 1X Diluent buffer.

Sample preparation before starting experiment

- For **cell culture medium samples**, add 100µl directly to the well.
- For **cell lysate samples**, use cell lysis buffer (Catalog# EA-0001). Follow protocol in Cell Lysate Buffer User Manual.
- For serum or plasma samples, we recommend a 1:10 dilution with 1X diluent buffer, for example, add 80ul sample in 720ul 1X diluent buffer. When serum-containing conditional media is required, be sure to use serum as control.

Recommendation

- The product is intended to be used for the comparison of 12 different samples. The differences of the cytokines among the samples can be easily identified and determined.
- If you would like to quantitatively measure the proteins in the samples, please order the corresponding standards, which can be used for making standard curves through a series of 2-fold dilutions.

Assay procedure

1. Take the desired number of well strips from the plate. Make sure the rest of strips are well sealed.

2. Sample assay:

Apply each sample in one strip, 100ul per well and incubate for 1-2 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.

3. Aspirate each well and wash by adding 200μ l of 1X Assay wash buffer. Repeat the process three times for a total of three washes. Completely remove liquid at each wash. After the last wash, remove any remaining liquid by inverting the plate against clean paper towels. 4. Add 100 μ l of diluted biotin-labeled antibody mixture

to each well and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.

5. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 3.

6. Add 100 μ l of diluted streptavidin-HRP conjugate to each well and incubate for 45 min at room temperature with gentle shaking.

7. Freshly prepare the substrate solution.

For whole plate:

1 ml Substrate A

1 ml Substrate B

8 ml Substrate dilution buffer

8. Invert the plate over an appropriate container and expel the contents forcibly, then firmly tap the plate against clean paper towels. Wash the plate by adding 200 ul of 1x Assay wash buffer. Incubate wash buffer for 10 minutes on a shaker. Repeat washing process two times for a total of three washes with 10 minutes incubation between each wash.

Note: It is important to incubate wash buffer for 10 minutes during each wash to reduce background.

9. Add 95 μ l substrate solution to each well and incubate for 2 minutes.

10. Place the plate in the luminometer. Set integration time to 1 second with no filter position and read **immediately**.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
А	TNFα											
В	IL-1α											
С	IL-1β											
D	IL-4											
Е	IL-6											
F	IL-10											
G	IL-13											
Η	TGFβ											

Human Neuroinflammation ELISA Strip (Chemiluminescence) Diagram